

**PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS***Maryland Congressional District 1*

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$1.2 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 771,021 people in Maryland. The program served 86 percent of those eligible for benefits in Maryland in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2011-2013 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2013*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

Maryland Congressional District 1

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	27,093	238,261	265,354
With one or more people 60 years and over	27.4%	42.1%	40.6%
With Children under 18 years	56.3%	29.1%	31.9%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months			
Below poverty level	46.6%	5.3%	9.5%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	63.7%	88.4%	85.9%
Black or African American	33.2%	8.4%	11.0%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Asian	0.7%	1.6%	1.5%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	NA	NA	NA
Some other race	0.7%	0.5%	0.5%
Two or more races	1.6%	0.9%	1.0%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	3.8%	2.1%	2.3%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	60.5%	87.0%	84.3%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$21,255	\$72,972	\$67,161
Work Status			
Families	20,015	170,420	190,435
No workers in the past 12 months	19.2%	13.4%	14.0%
1 worker in the past 12 months	51.7%	27.8%	30.3%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	29.1%	58.8%	55.7%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded February 2015), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (February 2015); U.S. Census Bureau 2011-2013 American Community Survey, using 113th Congressional District boundaries

**PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS***Maryland Congressional District 2*

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$1.2 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 771,021 people in Maryland. The program served 86 percent of those eligible for benefits in Maryland in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2011-2013 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2013*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

Maryland Congressional District 2

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	39,772	236,214	275,986
With one or more people 60 years and over	24.7%	34.0%	32.6%
With Children under 18 years	58.5%	28.7%	33.0%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months			
Below poverty level	41.5%	6.4%	11.5%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	45.3%	64.8%	62.0%
Black or African American	47.3%	27.8%	30.6%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.5%	0.4%	0.4%
Asian	2.3%	4.4%	4.1%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	NA	NA	NA
Some other race	2.1%	1.3%	1.4%
Two or more races	2.5%	1.3%	1.5%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	6.0%	4.1%	4.4%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	43.0%	62.4%	59.6%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$26,478	\$66,518	\$60,429
Work Status			
Families	29,795	148,808	178,603
No workers in the past 12 months	22.2%	10.5%	12.5%
1 worker in the past 12 months	47.5%	31.3%	34.0%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	30.4%	58.2%	53.5%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded February 2015), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (February 2015); U.S. Census Bureau 2011-2013 American Community Survey, using 113th Congressional District boundaries

**PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS***Maryland Congressional District 3*

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$1.2 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 771,021 people in Maryland. The program served 86 percent of those eligible for benefits in Maryland in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2011-2013 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2013*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

Maryland Congressional District 3

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	24,832	257,650	282,482
With one or more people 60 years and over	31.2%	35.6%	35.2%
With Children under 18 years	51.7%	27.7%	29.8%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months			
Below poverty level	36.3%	5.1%	7.8%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	44.4%	71.4%	69.1%
Black or African American	46.9%	18.3%	20.8%
American Indian and Alaska Native	1.1%	0.2%	0.3%
Asian	3.4%	6.2%	6.0%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	NA	NA	NA
Some other race	2.0%	1.7%	1.8%
Two or more races	1.9%	2.0%	2.0%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	5.4%	4.7%	4.7%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	42.6%	68.9%	66.6%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$27,507	\$81,664	\$76,241
Work Status			
Families	17,416	155,122	172,538
No workers in the past 12 months	20.3%	9.7%	10.8%
1 worker in the past 12 months	45.2%	28.1%	29.9%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	34.5%	62.2%	59.4%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded February 2015), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (February 2015); U.S. Census Bureau 2011-2013 American Community Survey, using 113th Congressional District boundaries

**PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS***Maryland Congressional District 4*

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$1.2 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 771,021 people in Maryland. The program served 86 percent of those eligible for benefits in Maryland in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2011-2013 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2013*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

Maryland Congressional District 4

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	25,824	235,357	261,181
With one or more people 60 years and over	25.9%	32.7%	32.1%
With Children under 18 years	63.2%	33.2%	36.2%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months			
Below poverty level	32.1%	5.5%	8.1%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	13.0%	35.0%	32.9%
Black or African American	75.3%	55.3%	57.2%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.5%	0.2%	0.2%
Asian	1.7%	2.6%	2.5%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	NA	NA	NA
Some other race	7.8%	4.9%	5.2%
Two or more races	1.7%	2.0%	1.9%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	12.8%	9.6%	9.9%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	8.8%	31.3%	29.1%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$36,832	\$77,791	\$72,990
Work Status			
Families	21,229	152,936	174,165
No workers in the past 12 months	16.6%	7.4%	8.5%
1 worker in the past 12 months	44.9%	32.2%	33.7%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	38.5%	60.5%	57.8%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded February 2015), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (February 2015); U.S. Census Bureau 2011-2013 American Community Survey, using 113th Congressional District boundaries

**PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS***Maryland Congressional District 5*

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$1.2 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 771,021 people in Maryland. The program served 86 percent of those eligible for benefits in Maryland in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2011-2013 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2013*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

Maryland Congressional District 5

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	19,357	231,097	250,454
With one or more people 60 years and over	28.5%	33.3%	32.9%
With Children under 18 years	59.3%	34.5%	36.4%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months			
Below poverty level	35.7%	4.6%	7.0%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	40.6%	57.3%	56.0%
Black or African American	49.7%	36.6%	37.6%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.7%	0.3%	0.3%
Asian	4.3%	3.0%	3.1%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	NA	NA	NA
Some other race	1.4%	1.2%	1.2%
Two or more races	3.2%	1.6%	1.7%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	5.7%	4.3%	4.4%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	37.1%	54.6%	53.3%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$34,332	\$93,881	\$89,631
Work Status			
Families	15,274	164,611	179,885
No workers in the past 12 months	15.0%	8.1%	8.7%
1 worker in the past 12 months	47.3%	29.0%	30.5%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	37.7%	63.0%	60.8%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded February 2015), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (February 2015); U.S. Census Bureau 2011-2013 American Community Survey, using 113th Congressional District boundaries

**PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS***Maryland Congressional District 6*

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$1.2 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 771,021 people in Maryland. The program served 86 percent of those eligible for benefits in Maryland in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2011-2013 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2013*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

Maryland Congressional District 6

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	27,513	239,767	267,280
With one or more people 60 years and over	26.8%	34.9%	34.1%
With Children under 18 years	55.1%	33.5%	35.7%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months			
Below poverty level	46.3%	5.0%	9.3%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	68.3%	76.6%	75.7%
Black or African American	20.4%	10.2%	11.2%
American Indian and Alaska Native	1.1%	0.2%	0.3%
Asian	4.2%	9.5%	9.0%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	NA	NA	NA
Some other race	3.8%	1.8%	2.0%
Two or more races	2.3%	1.6%	1.7%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	12.7%	8.1%	8.6%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	60.8%	71.1%	70.0%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$22,429	\$78,627	\$72,021
Work Status			
Families	19,267	167,529	186,796
No workers in the past 12 months	18.1%	9.3%	10.2%
1 worker in the past 12 months	50.3%	27.9%	30.2%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	31.5%	62.8%	59.5%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded February 2015), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (February 2015); U.S. Census Bureau 2011-2013 American Community Survey, using 113th Congressional District boundaries

**PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS***Maryland Congressional District 7*

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$1.2 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 771,021 people in Maryland. The program served 86 percent of those eligible for benefits in Maryland in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2011-2013 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2013*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

Maryland Congressional District 7

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	51,836	219,086	270,922
With one or more people 60 years and over	30.5%	36.5%	35.4%
With Children under 18 years	46.2%	26.3%	30.1%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months			
Below poverty level	49.1%	9.9%	17.4%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	10.1%	44.8%	38.1%
Black or African American	85.2%	46.9%	54.2%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.6%	0.1%	0.2%
Asian	1.5%	5.8%	5.0%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	NA	NA	NA
Some other race	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%
Two or more races	1.8%	1.5%	1.5%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	2.7%	2.6%	2.6%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	8.9%	43.3%	36.7%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$18,444	\$63,607	\$53,336
Work Status			
Families	33,503	129,369	162,872
No workers in the past 12 months	25.4%	11.3%	14.2%
1 worker in the past 12 months	45.4%	32.6%	35.2%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	29.2%	56.1%	50.6%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded February 2015), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (February 2015); U.S. Census Bureau 2011-2013 American Community Survey, using 113th Congressional District boundaries

**PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS***Maryland Congressional District 8*

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$1.2 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 771,021 people in Maryland. The program served 86 percent of those eligible for benefits in Maryland in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2011-2013 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2013*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

Maryland Congressional District 8

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	14,405	261,360	275,765
With one or more people 60 years and over	36.8%	37.0%	37.0%
With Children under 18 years	54.9%	32.5%	33.7%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months			
Below poverty level	37.8%	4.2%	6.0%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	47.2%	75.2%	73.8%
Black or African American	27.2%	10.5%	11.4%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.9%	0.2%	0.2%
Asian	8.4%	8.3%	8.3%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	NA	NA	NA
Some other race	13.0%	3.9%	4.4%
Two or more races	3.4%	1.9%	1.9%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	19.7%	9.2%	9.7%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	41.5%	70.5%	69.0%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$27,025	\$99,568	\$94,476
Work Status			
Families	10,425	176,645	187,070
No workers in the past 12 months	17.8%	9.0%	9.5%
1 worker in the past 12 months	41.5%	26.2%	27.1%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	40.7%	64.8%	63.4%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded February 2015), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (February 2015); U.S. Census Bureau 2011-2013 American Community Survey, using 113th Congressional District boundaries